

GREAT WALDEN BIOBLITZ

July 5 - 6, 2019

Celebrating

Dr. Edward O. Wilson's 90th Birthday and
the legacy of Henry David Thoreau

Report and Summary

A Partnership of



Naturalist Peter Alden

With Generous Support from

National Geographic Society

Anna Winter Rasmussen and Neil Rasmussen



Report Prepared by

Matt Burne, Conservation Director, Walden Woods Project
Peter Alden

Digital copies available at www.walden.org

We wish to express our gratitude to the following for their contributions:

Concord Land Conservation Trust

Jeff Corwin

William Hideo Dembowski and Family

Fields Pond Foundation

David B. Ford

Freedom's Way National Heritage Area

Ms. Shalin Liu

National Geographic Society

Anna Winter Rasmussen and Neil Rasmussen

Cathy Douglas Stone and Jim Stone

Professor Edward O. Wilson

With appreciation to:

Adelita Restaurant & Kristin
Canty

Peter Alden

Boston University: Botany
Dept.

Kyle Bradford

Brookline Bird Club

Margie Coffin Brown

Kimberly Burns

Richard Alden Carey

Cambridge Entomological Club

Christa & Jeff Collins

Cheese Shop of Concord

Concord Dept. of Natural
Resources

Jim Cunningham

Discover Concord

B. J. Dunn

Paula Ehrlich, DVM, Ph.D.

Deb Field

Friends of Minute Man

National Park

Bryn Gingrich

Ray Gabler & Shelly Henderson

Great Meadows National

Wildlife Refuge

Janet Hammond

Dr. James Hanken

Harvard University: Museum of
Comparative Zoology

Harvard University: Gray

Herbarium

Harvard University: Farlow

Herbarium

Shelley Drake Hawks & James
Hawks

Jacqui Kluft

Jane Layton

Lincoln Land Conservation
Trust

Lucia & Tom Longnecker

Phil Lupsiewicz

Don Lyman

Massachusetts Audubon

Society

Massachusetts Dept. of
Conservation & Recreation/

Walden Pond State

Reservation

Mass. Natural Heritage &
Endangered Species Program

Dinny McIntyre & John Stevens

Tom McShane (Dewey Square
Group)

Ellen & Jim Meadors

Shelley Morss

Nancy Nelson & Mike Lawson

Native Plant Trust (New
England Wild Flower Society)

New England Botanical Club

Nuttall Ornithological Club

RESTORE: The North Woods

Janet Rothrock & Peter Lebling

Saltbox Kitchen

Jay Shetterley

The Shop at Walden Pond

Janet Sinclair

Sudbury Valley Trustees

Nancy Tenney

Thoreau Farm Trust

The Thoreau Society

Dr. Robert Thorson

Town of Carlisle

Town of Concord

Town of Lincoln

The Trustees of Reservations

University of Massachusetts

Amherst

Barbara Volkle

Cris Van Dyke

West Concord Liquors

Laney Widener

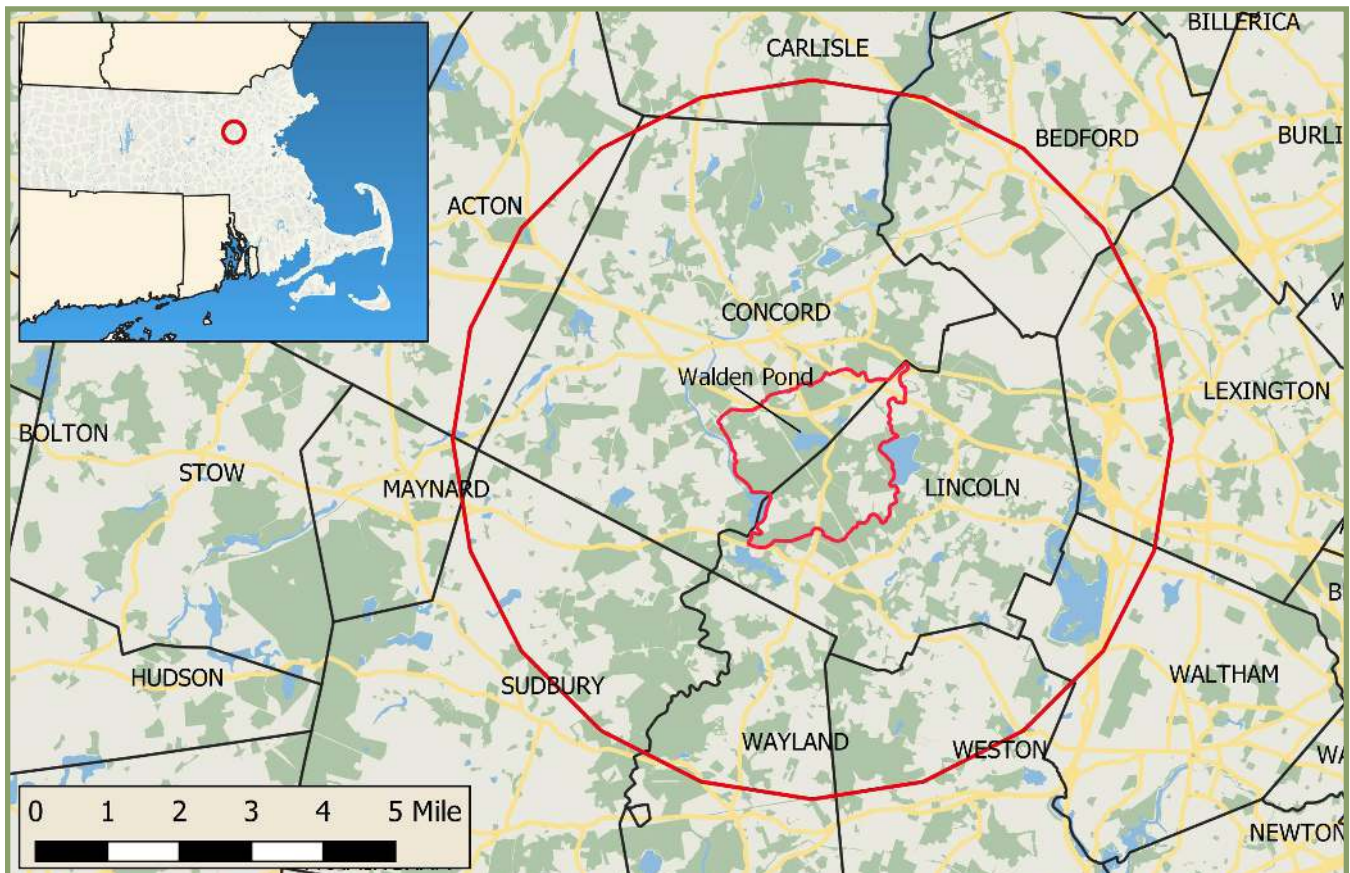
Eddie Woodin

We wish to thank the scientists and experts who generously donated their time and expertise. We also thank those who volunteered to assist with logistics. The Great Walden BioBlitz would not have been possible without you!

Introduction

On July 5 and 6, 2019, The Walden Woods Project, Minute Man National Historical Park, E.O. Wilson Biodiversity Foundation, and naturalist Peter Alden hosted the 2019 Great Walden BioBlitz in historic Walden Woods and the area within a five-mile radius of Walden Pond. The 2019 Great Walden BioBlitz brought together approximately 100 invited field biology specialists who worked individually and in *ad hoc* teams at a variety of self-selected locations throughout the project area, and around 150 members of the general public who participated in guided hikes focused around Walden Woods Project headquarters and the Minute Man National Historical Park, both in Lincoln, MA. The flora and fauna of historic Walden Woods and the greater Walden project area were intensively surveyed and recorded with the goal of identifying as many distinct species as possible within one day.

Over the course of the 2019 Great Walden BioBlitz, a total of 2,242 species of mammals, birds, reptiles, amphibians, fishes, invertebrates, trees, shrubs, herbs, ferns, mosses, lichens, and fungi larger than 1 mm, were recorded. Observations by the general public were recorded using the iNaturalist smartphone application, a joint initiative between the California Academy of Science and the National Geographic Society, and were compiled in a collection project identified as the Great Walden BioBlitz at iNaturalist.org. Specialists' observations were recorded in a variety of formats, including the iNaturalist platform, but largely consisted of compiled species lists. A small number of specimens were collected under permit by the Massachusetts Department of Conservation and Recreation and US Fish & Wildlife Service, where necessary for proper species identification.



2019 Great Walden BioBlitz Project Area



BioBlitz Overview

BioBlitz events can help provide critical biodiversity metrics for a geographic area. An initial, single BioBlitz event can be used as a baseline starting point for creating lists of species known to occur within a particular geographic area. When compared through time, BioBlitz events can detect new species in an area, indicating the arrival of new invasive species, or suggesting biogeographical shifts that may be driven by environmental change. Over time, BioBlitz events in one area can also help detect loss of species from an area.

These events have become an increasingly popular way to engage the general public in natural history observation and collection of citizen science data on the biological diversity of life in an area with the advent of popular tools such as the National Geographic Society's iNaturalist application, which allows non-experts to identify and document most biological specimens that can be photographed with a smartphone. Though there is still an important role for taxonomic specialists with in-depth knowledge of particular groups of organisms that are often difficult to identify without specialized skills and equipment, the general public engagement aspect of BioBlitz events is tremendously important.



BioBlitz participants. Photo by Richard Carey

The 2019 Great Walden BioBlitz continues a local tradition that started with one of the world's first serious BioBlitz events, convened on July 4, 1998 by Concord naturalist, Peter Alden. The 1998 BioBlitz covered Concord, Lincoln and parts of Carlisle and Sudbury, Massachusetts, and had participation by about 100 specialists, reporting 1,908 species. This event was highlighted in Dr. E.O. Wilson's book "The Future of Life," and is among the earliest models of what has become a world-wide phenomenon of documenting biodiversity within defined geographic areas in a constrained time frame. BioBlitz events happen at a variety of spacial scales, from schoolyards to cities to landscape-scale biogeographical reserves, and have been organized all around the world, engaging scientists and the general public, alike.

Originally referred to as Biodiversity Days in the early Massachusetts events, a BioBlitz brings people together to focus on specific visible life forms for a sort of cooperative "nature Olympics." Following the 1998 BioDiversity Day, Peter Alden organized Massachusetts state-sponsored biodiversity days in 300 towns between 2000 and 2005.

On July 4, 2009, the Walden Woods Project sponsored a Walden Biodiversity Day in celebration of Dr. Wilson's 80th birthday. Close to 100 field biology specialists recorded 1,941 species over the 24-hour event. Together, the 1998 and 2009 Walden Biodiversity Days recorded 2,692 species in the vicinity of Walden Woods. A small scale BioBlitz in September, 2018 focusing on the Minute Man National Historical Park on National Public Lands Day resulted in the detection of 751 species.

BioBlitz events range from informal outings of small groups of amateur naturalists, to highly-organized, multi-national coordinated events such as the City Nature Challenge (www.citynaturechallenge.org), which started as a friendly competition between the citizen science teams at the Natural History Museum

of Los Angeles County and California Academy of Sciences in 2016. Participation in the annual City Nature Challenge has grown to over 35,000 participants in 159 cities around the world, documenting over 31,000 species during the 2019 event.

Participating in a BioBlitz is as easy as participating in an event planned for a particular area or putting together a team for a localized event as a challenge or benefit, to organizing a city to participate in the annual City Nature Challenge. There are ample resources available on-line to help individuals and organizations that are interested in participating in or organizing a BioBlitz, including the E.O. Wilson Biodiversity Foundation website (eowilsonfoundation.org), National Geographic Society (nationalgeographic.org), and iNaturalist (inaturalist.org). BioBlitzes are very effective at engaging the general public in getting out of doors, in natural history observation, and in contributing to the growing body of citizen science. For information on using BioBlitzes to meet scientific research needs, the Society of Conservation Biology and the E.O. Wilson Half-Earth Project are excellent resources.

The 2019 Great Walden BioBlitz

The 2019 Great Walden BioBlitz was organized by the Walden Woods Project, Minute Man National Historical Park, the Edward O. Wilson Biodiversity Foundation and naturalist Peter Alden. It celebrated Dr. Wilson's 90th birthday and added to the extensive record of species known from the Walden Woods area. The BioBlitz was divided into two distinct, but related events.

Starting on the evening of July 5, 2019, invited specialists attended an event kick-off at the Hartwell Tavern in Minute Man National Historical Park with Dr. Wilson. Biological surveys began in the early evening hours and extended well into the night with light traps set at the National Historical Park and at MassAudubon's Drumlin Farm in Lincoln. Light traps remained active overnight at both locations.

On July 6, 2019 specialists began intensive surveys of self-selected sites scattered throughout the project area, with a small number of organized groups working in known biodiversity hot-spots within the project area.

Also on the morning of July 6, over 150 members of the general public participated in one of eight guided walks at the Walden Woods Project headquarters in Lincoln, Massachusetts, and in the afternoon, a smaller number of people participated in guided walks at the Minute Man National Historical Park Battle Road Unit. Professor Wilson spent over an hour with a group of intrepid young explorers in the morning at the Walden Woods Project, looking for ants, other invertebrates, and discovering the



Dr. Edward O. Wilson helps kick off the 2019 Great Walden BioBlitz. Photo by Matt Burne



EarthWise Aware team recording dragonflies at kick-off event. Photo by Matt Burne



wonderful creatures found in a small pond on the Walden Woods Project grounds. He addressed the gathering of participants at the end of the morning walks, encouraging the continued efforts to document biological diversity as a critically important step to understanding both what is at stake in the face of on-going climate change, and as a means to help document our current state of knowledge and establish baseline information for measuring change in the future.

Mid-day on Saturday, nearly 200 invited specialists, major donors, and volunteers paused their pursuits of plants and animals for a luncheon hosted by Anna Winter Rasmussen and Neil Rasmussen at their home on the southern edge of the Estabrook Woods in Concord. Professor Wilson and Jeff Corwin, renowned television biologist, spoke about the importance of BioBlitz efforts, and of the challenges facing us in the conservation of the richness of biodiversity for future generations.

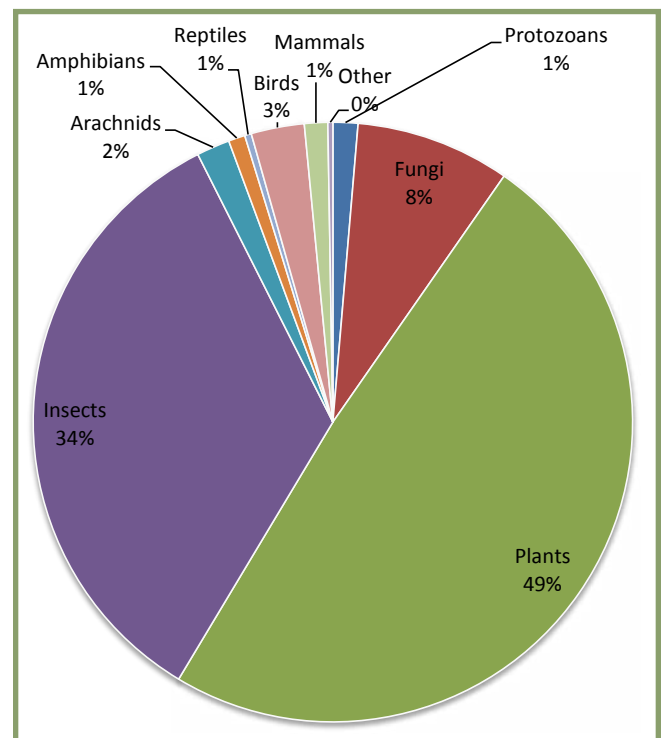
The 2019 Great Walden BioBlitz resulted in the observation of 2,242 vertebrates, invertebrates, trees, shrubs, herbs, mosses, lichens, and fungi larger than 1 mm within 5 miles of iconic Walden Pond in one day. The 2019 Great Walden BioBlitz project within the iNaturalist application included 4280 individual observations of 1124 species by 146 contributors. At the time of writing this report, 586 observations have been confirmed at the species-level and have become “research grade” observations. Statistics for the iNaturalist observations can be reviewed by logging into iNaturalist.org and searching for the “2019 Great Walden BioBlitz” in the Projects tab.

When considered along with data from earlier BioBlitzes, including one conducted by Minute Man NHP in September of 2018, 3,691 unique species have been recorded within the Great Walden BioBlitz project area since 1998.

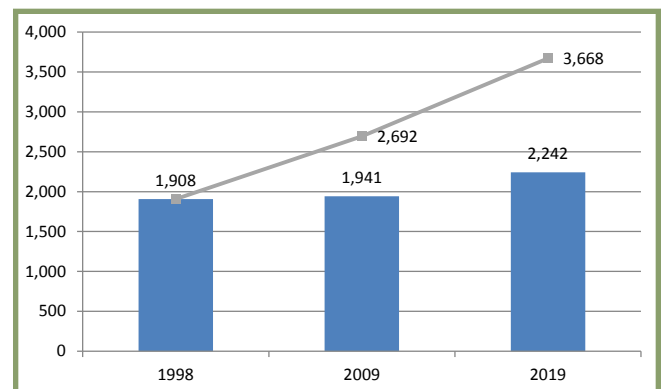
The Great Walden BioBlitz would not have been as successful in recording over 2,000 species without the contribution of time and energy by the taxonomic specialists that were invited to participate, and by that of the general public that participated in several organized activities.



Examining insects attracted to light trap at Minute Man NHP. Photo by Matt Burne



iNaturalist results overview



Total species observations over the three decennial Walden BioBlitzes with curve showing cumulative number of species



Participants in the morning guided walks at the Walden Woods Project. Photos by Phil Lupsiewicz



Walden Woods Project's Matt Burne shows morning participants how to identify a common dragonfly. Photo by Phil Lupsiewicz



Peter Alden records plant species along the main trail at Walden Pond. Photo by Richard Carey



Professor Edward O. Wilson talks with a group of young BioBlitz participants. Photo by Phil Lupsiewicz



National Park Service's Margie Coffin Brown leads an afternoon public iNaturalist walk at the Minute Man National Historical Park. Photo by Phil Lupsiewicz



Young participants in the guided walks search for bugs and small creatures. Photo by Phil Lupsiewicz





Professor Wilson addresses the gathered specialists and event volunteers at the luncheon near Estabrook Woods. Photo by Paul Reitano



Jeff Corwin discussing the challenges facing biodiversity in a warming future. Photo by Paul Reitano



Dr. E.O. Wilson, with Jeff Corwin, prepares to cut into a remarkable birthday cake celebrating his 90th birthday. Photo by Paul Reitano



Specialists pause in the tremendous heat of the day for lunch with Professor Wilson. Photo by Paul Reitano

Observations were basically restricted to species that are 1mm or larger. An alga and a bacteria have been noted in the results, but the diversity of bacteria, viruses, nematodes and microscopic pond and soil life were not included in the project.

Most species recorded during the Great Walden BioBlitz are native, naturalized, or invasive. Some horticultural plants were included the final list and observations recorded in iNaturalist. Where known, these are labeled with an H in the plant lists. While many horticultural plants do provide food and/or habitat resources for native wildlife, most are not truly naturalized and spreading, and therefore are not yet considered a component of our local biodiversity.

A great many species do not have common, English names, though recent attempts to create standardized common names have been underway for some groups. Common names have been included in this report where possible. Capitalization of full English names for species follows a number of conventions. We use capitalization of the modifier and group name throughout (e.g. Red-winged Blackbird).

The Great Walden BioBlitz species list is grouped taxonomically, and we have attempted to present the list using a consistency of taxonomic hierarchy throughout. Where it helps clarify relationships among groups, units of taxonomy such as Class and Order are used. The basic unit in much of this compilation of sightings is generally the Family. Scientific names for animal families end in -idae, while plant families end in -aceae. Families are usually (except in birds, dragonflies and butterflies) listed from A – Z. Within each family the genera are listed from A – Z. Within each genus the species are listed A – Z by scientific name.

Taxonomic changes are frequently made in all groups of organisms to reflect improving understanding of relationships among organisms. Comparing the 2019 Great Walden BioBlitz lists to previous lists, to state checklists, and other resources can lead to frustrating challenges in following nomenclature. We have made an effort to use currently accepted taxonomy and made notes in the list where large, once-familiar groups of species have been reorganized. Some recent alternate names are included.

The sequence of the comprehensive list of observations for the Great Walden BioBlitz starts with mammals and birds and works down the evolutionary scale to invertebrates, and among non-animals, vascular plants down to mosses, lichens and fungi.

Included are some comments on observations and key observers. Where present, the two letter initials after entries in the species list indicate a taxonomic expert who observed a particular species, even if multiple observers recorded the same species. A list of observers with initials codes used in the list is at the beginning of the list.

Press coverage of the event included an article by Don Lyman in *The Boston Globe*, “At 90, biologist E.O. Wilson is still counting species,” and the Half-Earth Project published a nice summary of Professor Wilson’s comments at several events over the course of the BioBlitz (half-earthproject.org/the-great-walden-bioblitz-of-2019).



Fungus expert, Larry Millman, spots an *Amanita*.
Photo by Jessica Benson Evans



Tom Tynning showing some of the amphibian larvae found at a vernal pool near Walden Pond. Photo by Matt Kelly



Caitlin Fisher-Reid from Bridgewater State University showing one of the frogs found at Walden Pond State Reservation. Photo by Richard Carey





Alan Bragg of Bedford at Great Meadows NWR in Concord. Photo by Cherrie Corey



Mid-morning break along Thoreau's Path at Brister's Hill. Photo by Kelvin Chen



Group of specialists, lead by Peter Alden, at Walden Pond. Photo by Richard Carey



Professor Wilson in the field with colleagues, Professor Richard Primack and Professor Robert Thorson. Photo by Richard Carey



Joan Milam and a team of bee experts searching for specimens at Great Meadows. Photo by Kyle Bradford



Some of our youngest BioBlitz participants. Photo by Paul Reitano

Summary Results

Mammals (22 species)

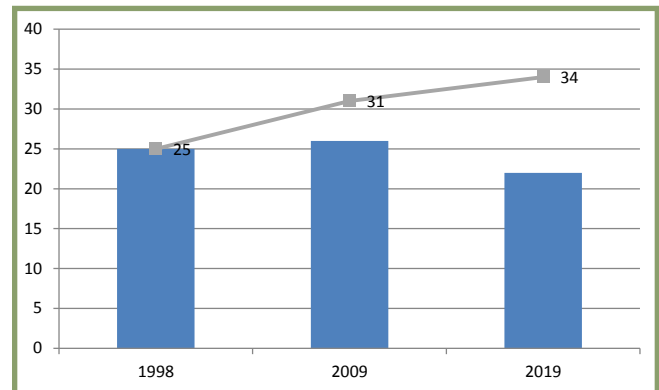
Twenty-one mammal species were observed or recorded during the 2019 Great Walden BioBlitz. Across the Northeastern United States, mammal species diversity has increased over past decades, in part as a result of declining hunting and trapping. Many species, such as deer, coyote, fisher, and beaver were absent from Walden Woods a century ago, but have repopulated the area and are now often seen in the woods and back yards. Of particular note from this event is the observation of evidence of Black Bear. Mammals such as moose, otter and bobcat, while known to be occasionally encountered in the area, were not detected during the 2019 Great Walden BioBlitz.

Birds (100 species)

A number of talented birders participated in the 2019 Great Walden BioBlitz. Many are members of the Nuttall Ornithological Club and/or the Brookline Bird Club. There were 5 birds recorded that had not been noted in the earlier Walden area BioBlitzes: Mute Swan (an invasive alien), Hooded Merganser, Bald Eagle (now nesting nearby and frequent visitor to Walden), Sora, and Common Raven (reoccupying its former range from the north). Highlights included 6 Least Bitterns at Great Meadows and a Yellow-billed Cuckoo.

Many now-common birds were not present in the mid-nineteenth century, when Henry Thoreau made extensive observations of birds. The Mallard Duck, Mute Swan, Wild Turkey, Turkey Vulture, Pileated and Red-bellied Woodpeckers, Raven, Tufted Titmouse, Carolina Wren, Blue-gray Gnatcatcher, Mockingbird, Starling, and Cardinal were all absent, but are regular residents now.

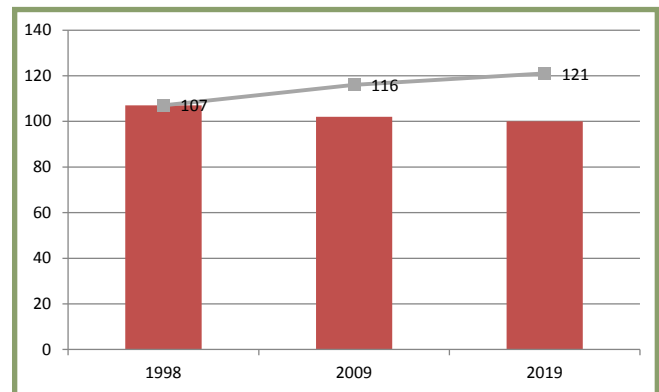
The Ruffed Grouse (a native species), Pheasant (an alien introduced for hunting) and Bobwhite (introduced for hunting) are believed gone from the area. Grassland and shrubbery species such as Meadowlark, Bobolink, Brown Thrasher and



Mammal observations with cumulative total curve



Evidence of bear found in Concord by participating specialist. Photo by Delia Kaye



Bird observations with cumulative total curve



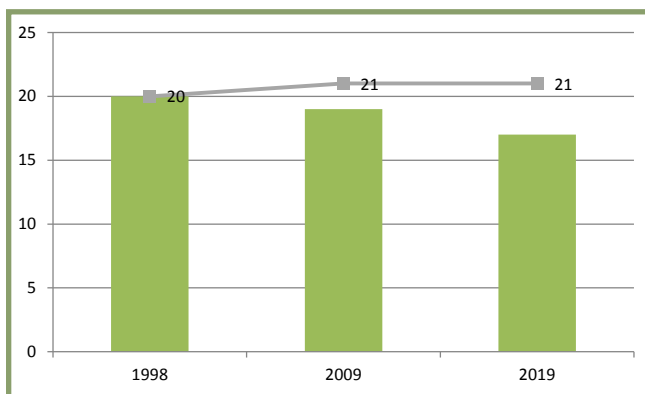
Will Martens searching for uncommon birds early on Saturday morning. Photo by Cris Van Dyke



grassland sparrows, all common in the mid-1800s, are vanishing regionally because of successional changes to the landscape, exacerbated by climate change and habitat loss.

Reptiles and Amphibians (17 species)

Weather conditions during the 2019 Great Walden BioBlitz are believed to have negatively affected the detectability of most reptiles. All of the frog species expected in the area were recorded, but a number of fossorial salamanders and snakes were not seen. A Ring-necked Snake and Eastern Red-spotted Newt were found. Several native turtles, while present, are increasingly difficult to find, including the Eastern Box Turtle, Wood Turtle, Blanding's Turtle, and Spotted Turtle. The latter can be reliably found in some locations within the project area, but were nonetheless missed on the day of the BioBlitz.



Reptile and Amphibian observations



Juvenile Green Frog. Photo by Matt Kelly



Great Blue Heron. Photo by Matt Kelly



Immature Chipping Sparrow. Photo by Cristine Van Dyke



Larval salamander and Gray Treefrogs. Photo by Matt Kelly



Painted Turtles. Photo by Matt Kelly

Fishes (16 species)

We were not able to bring in many fish specialists for the 2019 event, though we did have records of several species, including the Bridle Shiner and Rainbow Trout, both new to the all-time list looking at this BioBlitz in addition to previous events. A number of species recorded on the list were based on observations of local sportsmen fishing during the event.

Insects (988 species)

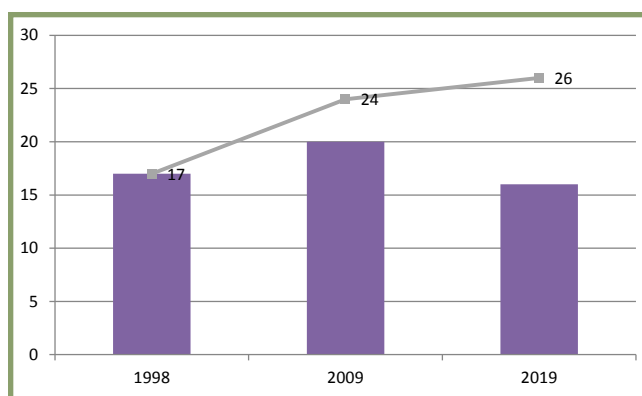
A number of prominent local entomologists participated in the 2019 Great Walden and recorded 988 species of insects, adding 682 novel species to the previous Walden BioBlitz lists of 1998, 2009, 2018.

Thirty-four species of Odonates (Dragonflies) were noted, including five species that had not been detected in earlier efforts. Among novel species were the Umber Shadowdragon and Mocha Emerald (both listed as Species of Special Concern in Massachusetts), and the Petite Emerald and Hudsonian Whiteface.

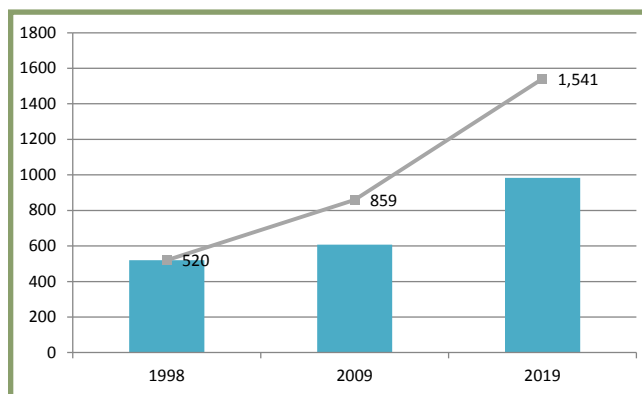
Orthopterans, especially the vocal crickets and katydids, are more prominent later in the summer, yet 11 species were noted. Five species of Barklice were recorded, and 74 species of “true” bugs, including 64 species not previously recorded. Beetles (Coleoptera) numbered 184 species, 157 of which were novel. Bees and ants (Hymenoptera) numbered 122, with 68 firsts.

The Lepidoptera, which comprises butterflies and moths, were most effectively sampled using light traps on the evening of July 5 at the Minute Man National Historical Park and Drumlin Farm in Lincoln, along with additional light trap sampling at the Great Meadows National Wildlife Refuge and in West Concord on the evening of July 6. In addition, diurnal observations of many butterfly species, especially, were included in project results and in iNaturalist observations.

Twenty-nine species of Butterflies and Skippers were noted with 3 first-occurrence observations.



Fishes observed



Insect observations with cumulative totals



Red Admiral. Photo by Peter Trimble



Ebony Jewelwing. Photo by Peter Trimble





A species of the Hymenopteran Ichneumonid genus. Photo by Linda Graetz



One of the many moths found during the 2019 Great Walden BioBlitz. Photo by Mark Rosenstein



Andrena wilkella. Photo by Kyle Bradford

Moths numbered 411 species, including 271 firsts. It is of note that the large Saturnid Moths are rarely observed in the area in recent decades.

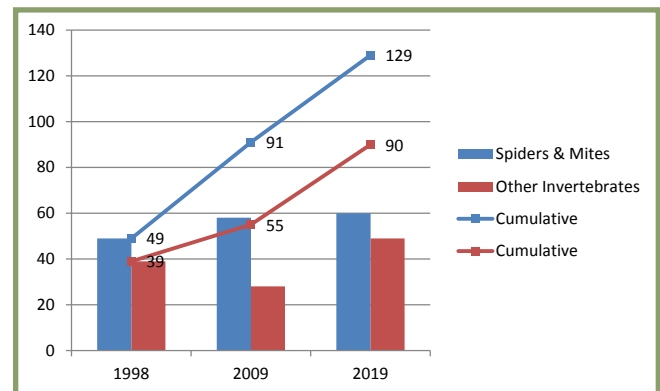
Flies (Diptera) had 80 firsts out of 91 species recorded, including the spectacular Phantom Crane Fly.

Other Invertebrates (113 species)

A number of non-insect invertebrates were recorded in the 2019 Great Walden BioBlitz. However, this is an area of taxonomic richness that was under represented in the results presented here. There are great numbers of species to be found in aquatic ecosystems for which we were unable to adequately survey.



A yellow-thighed stag beetle, attracted to a light trap on the first night of the bioblitz. Photo by Linda Graetz



An aquatic amphipod. Photo by Leo Kenney

Vascular Plants

The vascular plants have been split into four categories, and follows the “Vascular Plants of Massachusetts: A County Checklist” First Revision published in 2011 by Mass NHESP of the Mass. Division of Fisheries and Wildlife. It, along with iNaturalist, were used to trace common and scientific names and the many changes in families and genera. Where species are state listed, the list includes a note indicating status: E = Endangered, SC = Special Concern or WL = Watch List. It also lists “Waifs” which have escaped but have not naturalized. Horticultural specimens are indicated with an H in the list. A dozen or more plants noted may be new species for Middlesex County.

Ferns & Allies (39 species)

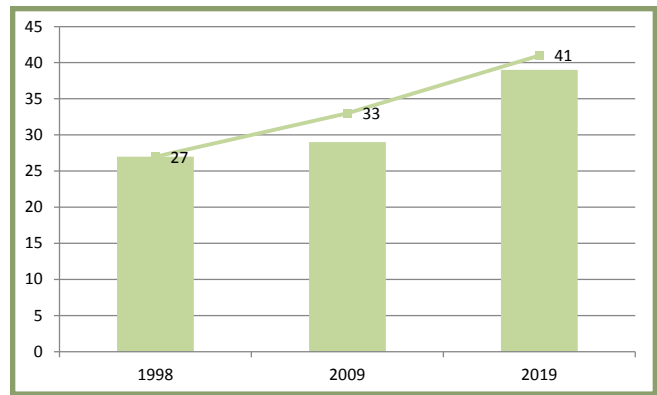
This group also includes clubmosses. There were eight first-sightings in this group of plants. The Climbing Fern is a species of Special Concern (SC) in Massachusetts, while the Mountain Wood Fern may be new for Middlesex County.

Conifers (12 species)

Of particular note for the conifers group is a huge Bald Cypress with many knees in a swamp at the October Farm Riverfront, owned by the Concord Land Conservation Trust. It is likely that this specimen was planted around 1900 by William Brewster the first President of both the Nuttall Ornithological Club and MassAudubon.

Monocots (153 species)

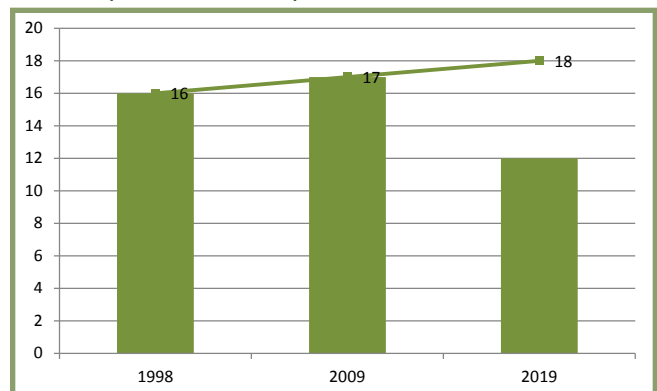
These generally non-woody plants include the difficult grasses and sedges. There are fewer orchids and native lilies observed in the area. Monocot invasive plants (INV) include Yellow Iris, newly arrived Japanese Stilt Grass and Phragmites. The Back’s Sedge is state Endangered while Buxbaum’s and Hayden’s Sedges are on the Watch List. The Porcupine and Fernald’s Sedges and Chinese Plume Grass may be new to Middlesex County.



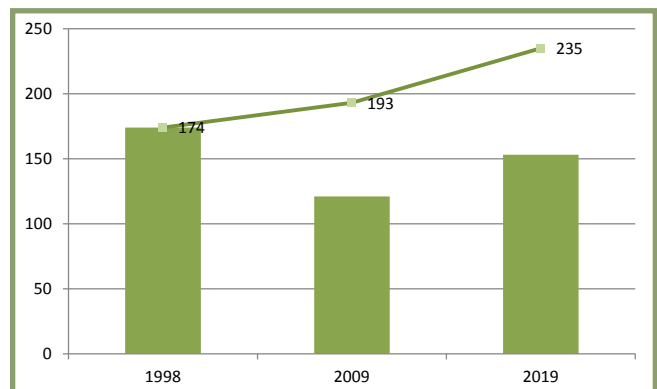
Ferns and fern allies with cumulative totals



The American Climbing Fern, *Lygodium palmatum*.
Photo by Cherrie Corey

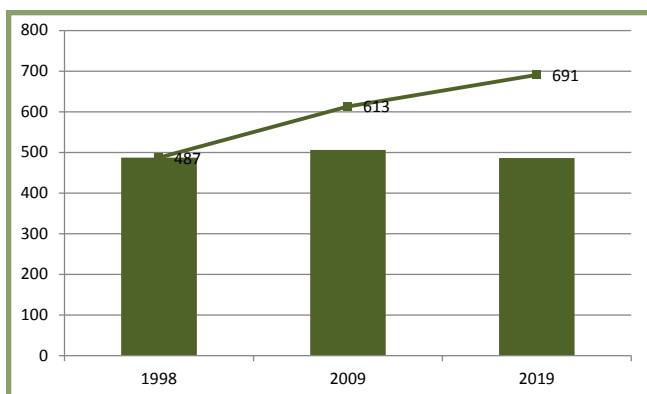


Conifers with cumulative totals



Monocots with cumulative totals





Dicots with cumulative totals

Dicots (483 species)

Most of our trees, shrubs and herbs are in this group, and the 2019 Great Walden BioBlitz recorded 70 first observations. Nearly two dozen invasive alien dicots were noted. Garlic Mustard, several Asian Bush Honeysuckles, Oriental Bittersweet, Purple Loosestrife, Japanese Knotweed, Glossy Buckthorn, Multiflora Rose, Norway Maple and Porcelain Berry are prominent throughout the project area and represent significant problems for local biodiversity. A Tansy Ragwort was identified from an iNaturalist photo. The (Mid) American Lotus is a serious problem in the Great Meadows National Wildlife Refuge Concord unit.

Non-Vascular Plants: Mosses and Liverworts (44 species)

These plants are inconspicuous and can be challenging to identify for non-experts. They are non-vascular, spore-forming plants that remain small and tend to be found in microhabitats that are inhospitable for many plant species.

Lichens (106 species)

A complex group of organisms, lichens were long classified along with the Fungi but have been separated out as a group. Lichens are symbiotic associations of fungus and algae or cyanobacteria and can be quite difficult to key out to species.



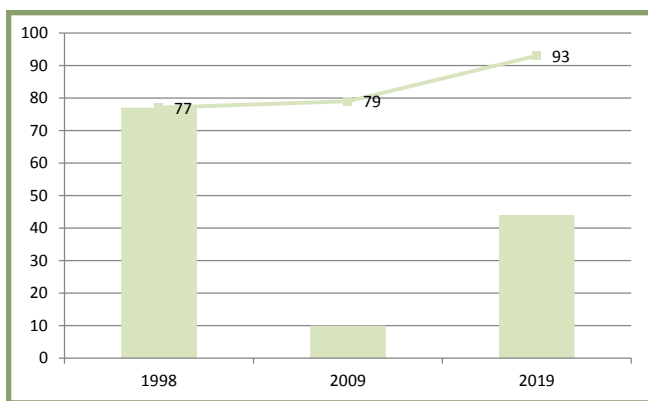
Common Skullcap, *Scutellaria galericulata*. Photo by Cherrie Corey



One of the most-reported plants in the iNaturalist Great Walden BioBlitz project, Indian Pipe, *Monotropa uniflora*. Photo by Matt Kelly



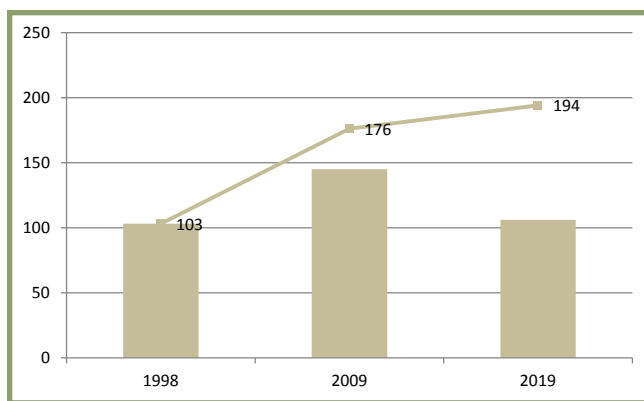
Fringed Black Bindweed, *Fallopia cili nodis*, is a new record for Concord, MA. Photo by Walter Kittredge



Mosses and Liverworts with cumulative totals



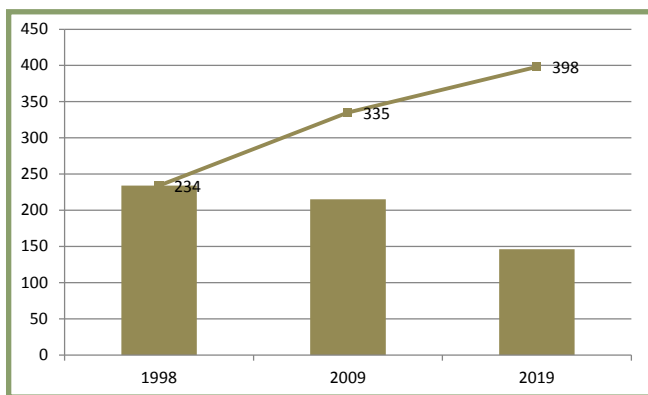
Shingle Moss, *Neckera pennata*. Photo by Walter Kittredge



Lichens with cumulative totals



A lichen, *Xanthoparmelia conspersa*. Photo by Elizabeth Kneiper



Fungi with cumulative totals



Stinking Earth Fan, *Thelephora palmatum*. Photo by Jessica Benson Evans

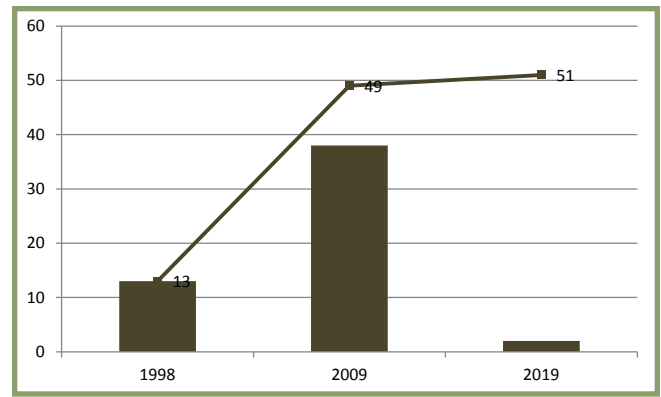


Fungi and Slime Molds (146 species)

The slime molds are not part of the Fungus Kingdom, but have fruiting bodies that make them similar in some respects. Slime molds are in an entirely separate kingdom. These organisms are another very challenging group to work with, and require years of practice to get to know very well.

Algae & Bacteria (2 species)

These were not expressly included in our goals for the 2019 Great Walden BioBlitz, but we nonetheless received records of two species that are included in the results.



Algae and Bacteria with cumulative totals

Invited Specialists

Participating invited specialists provided invaluable contributions to the 2019 Great Walden BioBlitz. These people were instrumental in our success in reaching over 2,000 species at locations throughout the project area. The following two-letter codes are used throughout the species list to identify observers who contributed observations of notable or important species. iN code indicates an invited observer that reported observations in the iNaturalist application as opposed to reporting a species list that is attributable to the observer.

Diana Abrashkin	iN	Lincoln MA: nature in general	Brian Cassie	BC	Foxborough MA/Park School; birds, dragonflies, plants
Peter Alden	PA	Concord MA: organizer, compiler; birds, invasive plants	Matthew Charpentier	iN	VP New England Botanical Club, was NEWFS; plants
Maria Aliberti-Lubertazzi		Cambridge, MA: Aquatic invertebrates	Daniel Charron	CT	UConn Botany; plants
Alan Ankers	AA	Lincoln MA: Mass Audubon Soc.; Dragonflies, birds	Kelvin Chen	iN	Worked with ants, spiders and mites
John Baur	BC	Results listed with Brian Cassie; dragonflies, plants	Russ Cohen	iN	Arlington MA; was with Mass DCR: Riverways; plants
Liam Beguhn	LB	Concord MA: Volunteer with MMNHP and iNaturalist	Jeff Collins	iN	Concord MA; Mass Audubon Society; nature in general
Alison Beucler	iN	Medford: natural history	Cherrie Corey	iN	Concord MA & Brattleboro VT; expert on plants
Giovanna Bishop	iN	Somerville MA/Harvard Farlow: bryophytes, lichens	Jeff Corwin		Marshfield MA; special luncheon speaker; world wildlife
Julia Blyth	CE	Northfield MA; results listed with Charles Eiseman: insects	Stefan Cover	iN	Harvard U MCZ; works with E.O. Wilson; ants
Peggy Brace	PB	Concord MA: bluebirds, insects	Brandon Cramphorn	iN	Insects
Kyle Bradford	JM	UMass Amherst; results listed with Joan Milam: bees	Kathryn Dia	iN	Concord MA; led all morning rarer bird search party
Alan Bragg	iN	Bedford MA; plants, birds; iNaturalist	Nicholas Dorian	iN	Medford MA/ bees
Margie Coffin Brown	MCB	Concord & Lincoln MA: MMNHP iNaturalist walk coordinator	Scott Edwards	SE	Concord MA/Harvard U MCZ Bird Dept; birds
Peter Burn	iN	Carlisle MA/Suffolk U; plants, invertebrates iNat	Cheryl Eggert		Philipston MA; natural history
Matt Burne	MB	Lincoln MA @ Walden Woods Project; data, vernal pools	Charles Eiseman	CE	Northfield MA; leaf miners, gall inducers, other insects
Molly Cahill	iN	Waltham MA/Brandeis U/ Harvard Forest; plants	Jessica Evans	LM	Shutesbury MA; PVMA; worked w/Larry Millman; fungi
Jasmin Camacho	iN	Somerville MA/ Bats	Kay Fairweather	KF	Carlisle MA; lichens and nature in general
Daren Card	iN	Harvard U postdoc; birds, reptiles, amphibians	Aliza Fassier	JM	Turner's Falls MA; w/ Joan Milam UMass party; bees
Richard Carey		Brooklyn NY; invited photographer of specialists	Caitlin Fisher-Reid	iN	Sharon MA; reptiles and amphibians
			Jason Forbes	iN	Waltham MA; birds, dragonflies and butterflies
			Zoe Foster	iN	Northborough MA; iNaturalist, City Nature Challenge



Tom French	TF	Princeton MA; was w/ Mass Wildlife; fish, mollusks, etc.	David Lubertazzi Don Lubin	iN DLu	Cambridge MA; ants Allston MA; N. E. Botanical Club; ferns, club mosses
Linda Graetz	LG	Waltham MA; nocturnal insects at Drumlin Farm; moths	Don Lyman	DLy	Wilmington MA; Boston Globe writer; herpetology
David Gregg	iN	Kingston RI ; Rhode Island Nat Hist Survey Exec Dir: Ants	Crystal Maier Will Martens	iN iN	Cambridge MA; beetles Concord MA; with Kathy Dia bird party; birds
Mike Hammond	MH	Concord MA; fish	Kirsten Martin	iN	West Hartford CT ;
Sarah Haughney	iN	Medford MA; with EarthWise Aware; iNaturalist expert	Joe Martinez	iN	dragonflies Salem MA; Harvard MCZ
Rachel Hawkins	iN	Watertown MA; Harvard MCZ Entomology; insects	Ron McAdow	iN	Herpetology; herps Lincoln MA; nature in general
Roy Herold	RH	Carlisle MA; City Nature Challenge (#1 in Boston); plants	Max McCarthy Michael McCarthy	iN	Andover MA; bees West Roxbury MA; vernal pool ecology
Al Hinde	AH	Cambridge MA; Nuttall Ornithological Club; raptors	Rich McGeough	iN	Jacksonville Beach FL ;
Marc Hoffmann	MH	Braunschweig, Germany ; expert in beetles	Mark Mello	iN	birds South Dartmouth MA; Lloyd Center; moths
Daniel Jaffe	iN	Phillipston MA; New England Wild Flower Society; plants	James Mickley	CT	UConn Botany; worked with Daniel Charron; plants
Lori Johnson	iN	Belchertown MA; Mass Wildlife NHESP herps, vernal pools	Joan Milam	JM	UMass Amherst Bee Lab: bees, herps
Steve Johnson	iN	Belchertown MA; birds, plants	Paul Miliotis	PM	Epping NH ; birds, dragonflies, butterflies, plants
Drew Jones	iN	Williamstown MA; reptiles and amphibians	Larry Millman	LM	Cambridge MA; w/Jessica Evans & James Mitchell; fungi
Sarah Karikó	iN	Cambridge MA; Harvard MCZ; spiders	Daphne Minner	iN	West Roxbury MA; vernal pool ecology
Delia Kaye	DK	Concord MA Div. Natural Resources; plants incl. grasses	James Mitchell	JaM	Cambridge MA: lichens, fungi
Matt Kelly	iN	New Ashford MA; Hoffmann Bird Club; birds	Miranda Moore Renata Moretti	iN	Boston MA; plants Sao Paulo Brazil ; Harvard MCZ; friend of E.O. Wilson
Walter Kittredge	WK	Cambridge MA; Harvard U Gray Herbarium; moss, lichens	Tom Murray	TM	Groton MA; author Insects NE & NY; insects
Jacqueline Kluft	iN	Newton MA; Walden Pond State Res; iNaturalist walk leader			Spent 20+ hours identifying beetles from Marc Hoffmann
Elizabeth Kneiper	EK	Weston MA; Harvard U Farlow Herbarium; lichens	Erik Nielsen	EN	Westwood MA; Nuttall O.C.; birds, dragonflies, butterflies
David Larson	DL	Bradford MA; Mass Audubon, Nuttall Ornithological Club	Claire O'Neill	iN	Somerville MA; President EarthWise Aware; iNaturalist
Ron Lockwood	RL	Bolton MA; Nuttall Ornithological Club; birds	Daniel Onea	iN	Medford MA; EarthWise Aware; iNaturalist
Charlie Low	iN	Newburyport MA; EarthWise Aware; iNaturalist	Steven Orzack	(BS)	Cambridge MA; worked w/Bill Stubblefield; bees & wasps

Herb Pierce	iN	Arlington MA; Bird and plant expert	Shaya Toby	iN	Acton MA; bees and ants
Simon Perkins	SP	Concord MA; Thoreau Farm walk leader: birds, insects	Genevieve Tocci	GT	Cambridge MA; Harvard Farlow Herbarium; mosses, fungi
Wayne Petersen	iN	Hingham MA; Mass Audubon IBA program; birds, plants	Jeremiah Trimble	JT	Cambridge MA/Harvard U MCZ Bird Dept; birds, odes, leps
John Pickering	iN	Athens GA; UGeorgia Biology; discoverlife.org; moths	Peter Trimble	PT	Centerville MA; Nuttall Orn Club; birds, odes, butterflies
Richard Primack		Boston Univ: Botany; plants; author Walden Warming	Tom Tynning	TT	Pittsfield MA; Berkshire College; birds, herps, butterflies
Marj Rines	MR	Woburn MA; Mass Audubon Soc.; birds, odes, butterflies	Cristine Van Dyke		Concord MA; invited photographer of specialists
Dorian Rose	iN	Melrose MA; birds	Rachel Vincent	iN	Boston MA; natural history
Mark Rosenstein	iN	Cambridge MA; Fiji Reef Fish; moth lights MMNHP; moths	Richard Walton		Concord MA; spiders, insects, birds
Janet Rothrock		Concord MA; invasive plants	Joseph Warfel	JW	Lowell MA; Am. Arachnological Society; spiders and mites
Noel Rowe	iN	Charlestown RI; RINHS bioblitz veteran; fungi	James Waters	JWt	North Attleboro MA; w/ RINHS; ants
Jackson Schilling	iN	Arlington MA; EarthWise Aware; iNaturalist	Steven Whitebread	SW	Quincy MA; moth lights at Drumlin & GMNWR; moths
Harold Shaefer	iN	Dorchester MA; Am. Bryophyte & Lichen Soc.; lichens, fungi	Laney Widener	LW	Phillipston MA; Concord Land Cons. Trust; plants
Shilpa Sen	iN	Brighton MA; EarthWise Aware; iNaturalist; wetland ecology	Edward O. Wilson	EO	Lexington MA; Harvard MCZ; luncheon speaker; ants
Toby Shaya	JM	UMass Amherst Bee Lab: helped Joan Milam w/bees	Cole Winstanley	CW	Stanford CA & Concord MA; plants (esp. sedges), odes, bird
Robert Sherman	IN	Gloucester MA; Walden Pond State Res. walk leader w/PA	Jalen Winstanley	JWi	Concord MA at CCHS; birds, fish, herps, dragonflies
Jay Shetterly	iN	Cambridge MA; Cambridge Ent. Club; tiger beetles	Dave Witherbee	iN	Guide for lichenologist Elizebeth Kneiper; photographer
Melani Sleder	iN	Concord & Maynard MA; birds (age 11)	Eddie Woodin	iN	Scarborough ME; also a donor; birds, pesticide issues
Lisa Standley	LS	Needham MA; President N.E. Botanical Club; plants, esp. sedges	Dr. Patricia Wright	iN	Charlestown RI; with Noel Rowe; fungi
Langdon Stevenson	iN	Concord MA; Am. Birding Ass'n.; birds	Zoheil Zendah	iN	Lexington MA; Nuttall Orn Club; birds, iNaturalist
Bill Stubblefield	BS	Wendell MA; worked w/ Steve Orzack; bees & wasps			
Nick Tepper	NT	Stow MA; Mass. Audubon Soc., mammals, herps, iNaturalist			



Volunteer Walk Leaders

General public participation in the 2019 Great Walden BioBlitz was a key component of the success of the event. We were grateful to have a number of local area experts volunteer to lead walks on the Walden Woods Project headquarters property and surrounding woods in the Town of Lincoln and Lincoln Land Trust properties. These volunteer leaders took a group of between 10 and 20 participants on a guided walk of area trails in search of biodiversity, and helped their groups engage with the iNaturalist application to document observations.

The morning public participation sessions of the 2019 Great Walden BioBlitz would not have been successful without their participation. Special thanks go to:

Ellen Meadors	Lincoln Land Conservation Trust
Bryn Gingrich	Lincoln Land Conservation Trust
Laney Widener	Concord Land Conservation Trust
Dr. Robert Thorson	University of Connecticut
Deb Field	South Windsor High School, CT
Tom Longnecker	Wayland Middle School
Lucia Longnecker	
Jacqui Kluft	Walden Pond State Reservation
Jane Layton	Lincoln Land Conservation Trust
Jeff Collins	Mass Audubon's Ecological Extension Service
Christa Collins	Sudbury Valley Trusees
Jim Meadors	

Contributing Photographers

Photographs were contributed by a number of participants, including specialists working in small teams and others who captured images of the day's activities and gatherings. Contributed images came from:

Maria Aliberti-Lubertazzi

Jessica Benson Evans

Kyle Bradford

Peter Burn

Matt Burne

Richard Carey

Kelvin Chen

Cherrie Corey

Jim Cunningham

Kathy Dia

Linda Graetz

Delia Kaye

Matt Kelly

Leo Kenney

Walter Kittredge

Elizabeth Knieper

Phil Lupsiewicz

Paul Reitano

Mark Rosenstein

Noel Rowe

Peter Trimble

Cris Van Dyke



Resources for planning and running a BioBlitz

Biodiversity and three decades of BioBlitzes, from the Walden Woods Project:

<https://www.walden.org/explore-walden-woods/protecting-walden-woods-2/walden-biodiversity/>

Designing and running a BioBlitz, from the National Geographic Society:

<https://www.nationalgeographic.org/activity/designing-bioblitz-learning-experience/>

A guide to organizing a BioBlitz, from iNaturalist:

<https://www.inaturalist.org/pages/bioblitz+guide>

Biodiversity and BioBlitzes, from the National Park Service

<https://www.nps.gov/subjects/biodiversity/index.htm>

<https://www.nps.gov/subjects/biodiversity/the-nps-national-geographic-society-bioblitzes.htm>

Report on 2018 BioBlitz, from Minuteman National Historical Park

<https://www.nps.gov/mima/learn/nature/results-of-bioblitz-2018.htm>

Website of the E.O. Wilson Biodiversity Foundation

<https://eowilsonfoundation.org/>

Website of the Half-Earth Project, an initiative of the E.O. Wilson Biodiversity Foundation, which is working to protect half the Earth's land and sea in order to manage sufficient habitat to ensure the long-term health of our planet.

<https://eowilsonfoundation.org/half-earth-project/>

Using BioBlitzes to meet scientific research needs, from the Society for Conservation Biology

<https://conbio.onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/full/10.1111/cobi.13103>

Expert BioBlitzes, from Cool Green Science

<https://blog.nature.org/science/2018/03/12/fast-cheap-and-collaborative-expert-bioblitzes-meet-conservation-needs/>